Table 1. Number, incidence rate ¹, median days away from work ² and relative standard errors ³ of occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ⁴ by selected natures with musculoskeletal disorders ⁵ in selected ownerships for Tennessee, 2004

Local government State government All Private industry 021	Il Natures Il Natures	8,550	44.4		
Local government State government All Private industry 021		8,550			i
State government All Private industry 021	l Natures		44.1	12	4.8
Private industry 021		860	45.4	7	3.2
,	l Natures	250	34.5	4	10.5
	21 Sprains- strains- tears	5,700	29.4	8	5.1
Private industry 097	972 Back pain- hurt back	450	2.3	9	11.4
,	973 Soreness- pain- hurt- except the back	820	4.2	14	8.9
Private industry 124	241 Carpal tunnel syndrome	720	3.7	34	9.4
Private industry 153	53 Hernia	340	1.7	30	13.0
Private industry 153	530 Hernia- unspecified	20	0.1	30	55.0
Private industry 153	531 Inguinal hernia	100	0.5	20	23.3
Private industry 153	533 Ventral hernia	220	1.2	32	15.7
Private industry 17	7 Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue disea	520	2.7	31	10.8
Private industry 171	71 Arthropathies and related disorders (arthritis)	20	0.1	1	52.4
Private industry 172	72 Dorsopathies	160	0.8	79	18.1
Private industry 172	729 Dorsopathies- n.e.c.	160	0.8	79	18.5
Private industry 173	73 Rheumatism- except the back	330	1.7	31	13.1
Private industry 173	733 Tendonitis	110	0.6	17	21.7
Private industry 173	735 Ganglion/cystic tumor	20	0.1	11	52.7
Private industry 173	739 Rheumatism- except the back- n.e.c.	180	0.9	37	17.6
Local government 021	21 Sprains- strains- tears	680	35.7	7	3.8
Local government 097	972 Back pain- hurt back	40	2.2	7	16.8
Local government 097	973 Soreness- pain- hurt- except the back	50	2.4	3	15.9
Local government 124	241 Carpal tunnel syndrome	50	2.6	12	15.5

See footnotes at end of table

Table 1. Number, incidence rate ¹, median days away from work ² and relative standard errors ³ of occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ⁴ by selected natures with musculoskeletal disorders ⁵ in selected ownerships for Tennessee, 2004 -- Continued

Ownership	Nature of the injury or illness	Total Cases	Incidence Rate	Median Days	Relative Standard Error
State government	153 Hernia	30	1.3	12	21.6
	17 Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue disea	20	1.1	5	23.6
	021 Sprains- strains- tears	200	27.4	4	12.2
	0973 Soreness- pain- hurt- except the back	20	2.3	3	46.1

 $^{^{1}}$ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N / EH) X 20,000,000 where,

N = number of injuries and illnesses,

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year,

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that do not meet publication guidelines or data for incidence rates less than .05 per 10,000 full-time workers. The scientifically selected probability sample used was one of many possible samples, each of which could have produced different estimates. A measure of sampling variability for each estimate is available upon request.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, May 25, 2006

² Median days away from work is the measure used to summarize the varying lengths of absences from work among the cases with days away from work. Half the cases involved more days and half involved less days than a specified median. Median days away from work are represented in actual values.

Relative standard errors are a measure of the sampling error of an estimate. Sampling errors occur because observations are made on a sample, not on the entire population. Estimates based on the different possible samples of the same size and sample design could differ. Relative standard errors less than 0.05 are not shown.

Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁵ Includes cases where the nature of injury is: sprains, strains, tears; back pain, hurt back; soreness, pain, hurt, except back; carpal tunnel syndrome; hernia; or musculoskeletal system and connective tissue diseases and disorders and when the event or exposure leading to the injury or illness is: bodily reaction/bending, climbing, crawling, reaching, twisting; overexertion; or repetition. Cases of Raynaud's phenomenon, tarsal tunnel syndrome, and herniated spinal discs are not included. Although these cases may be considered MSD's, the survey classifies these cases in categories that also include non-MSD cases.